

[2-Oxido-1-naphthaldehyde (2-hydroxybenzoyl)hydrazone]pyridinenickel(II)**Ming-Li Liu, Jian-Min Dou,*
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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study

 $T = 298\text{ K}$ Mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ R factor = 0.038 wR factor = 0.092

Data-to-parameter ratio = 12.3

For details of how these key indicators were automatically derived from the article, see <http://journals.iucr.org/e>.

The title complex, $[\text{Ni}(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3)(\text{C}_5\text{H}_5\text{N})]$, has a slightly distorted square-planar coordination of the Ni atom with *trans* N atoms [$\text{Ni}-\text{N} = 1.902(2)$ and $2.002(2)\text{ \AA}$, $\text{Ni}-\text{O} = 1.880(2)$ and $1.927(2)\text{ \AA}$, $\text{N}-\text{Ni}-\text{N} = 171.30(9)^\circ$ and $\text{O}-\text{Ni}-\text{O} = 173.87(8)^\circ$]. The 2-hydroxybenzoyl hydroxy group forms an intramolecular O—H···N hydrogen bond with an adjacent N atom [$\text{N} \cdots \text{O} = 2.591(3)\text{ \AA}$]. Inversion-related molecules have short $\text{Ni} \cdots \text{N}$ separations of $3.274(3)$ and $3.489(3)\text{ \AA}$, and exhibit concomitant $\pi-\pi$ stacking; the centroid of the benzoyl ring is some 3.34 \AA from the naphthalene plane of the inversion-related molecule.

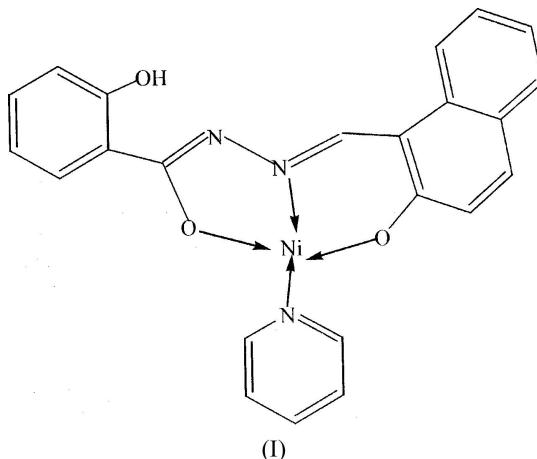
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Comment

A view of the molecule of the title compound, (I), is shown in Fig. 1. Molecular dimensions are normal and are available in the archived CIF.



There is an intramolecular $\text{O}_2-\text{H} \cdots \text{N}_2$ hydrogen bond (Table 1). Inversion-related pairs of molecules have $\text{Ni} \cdots \text{N}$ intermolecular separations of $\text{Ni}_1 \cdots \text{N}_2^i = 3.274(3)\text{ \AA}$ and $\text{Ni}_1 \cdots \text{N}_1^i = 3.489(3)\text{ \AA}$ [symmetry code: (i) $1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z$]. There are concomitant $\pi-\pi$ interactions, the centroid of aromatic ring C2–C7 being some 3.34 \AA from the C9–C13 ring of the naphthalene plane at $(1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z)$.

For related literature, see Adams *et al.* (1998, 2000), Bhatia *et al.* (1983), Blake *et al.* (2000), Burchell *et al.* (2004), Cheng *et al.* (1996), Figueiredo *et al.* (2000), Gan *et al.* (2004), Guo *et al.* (2005), He *et al.* (2002), Hou *et al.* (2005), Janiak (2000), Jiang *et al.* (1998), Ranford *et al.* (1998), Sakamoto *et al.* (1989), Tabbi *et al.* (1999), Wang *et al.* (1998), Wu & Liu (2004), Xiao *et al.* (2004), Xu *et al.* (2001), Yan *et al.* (1993), Yang *et al.* (2003) and Zhang *et al.* (2005).

Experimental

The synthesis of the title complex was carried out by mixing the ligand (0.077 g, 0.25 mmol) in dimethylformamide (5 ml) and $\text{NiCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.058 g, 0.25 mmol) in a mixed methanol–pyridine (1/1) solvent (5 ml). The mixture was stirred for 4 h and then filtered. Orange-red rectangular block crystals of (I) were obtained after about one month by evaporating the filtrate in air.

Crystal data



$M_r = 442.11$

Monoclinic, P_{2_1}/c

$a = 11.768$ (4) Å

$b = 8.164$ (3) Å

$c = 20.428$ (7) Å

$\beta = 105.474$ (6)°

$V = 1891.5$ (12) Å³

$Z = 4$

$D_x = 1.553$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

Cell parameters from 3286 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}25.5^\circ$

$\mu = 1.06$ mm⁻¹

$T = 298$ (2) K

Rectangular block, orange-red

0.42 × 0.18 × 0.13 mm

Data collection

Siemens SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)

$T_{\min} = 0.665$, $T_{\max} = 0.875$

9346 measured reflections

3321 independent reflections

2558 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.048$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$

$h = -10 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -9 \rightarrow 9$

$l = -24 \rightarrow 23$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.038$

$wR(F^2) = 0.092$

$S = 1.03$

3321 reflections

271 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0172P)^2 + 0.829P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.56$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.25$ e Å⁻³

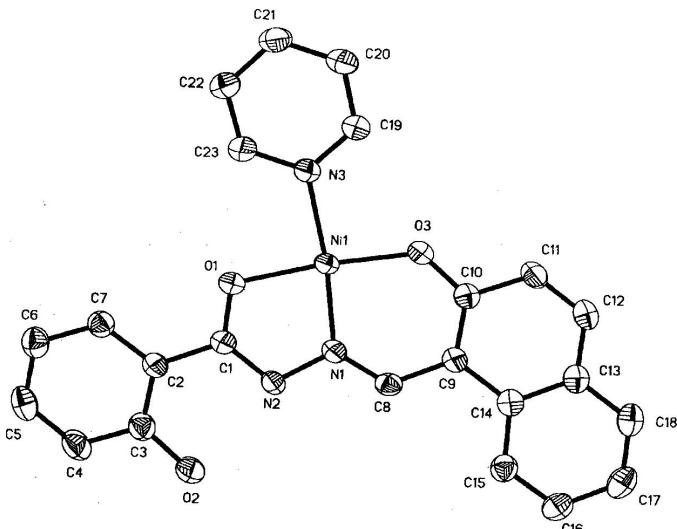


Figure 1

The structure of the title complex, showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme. H atoms have been omitted.

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Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H \cdots A$	$D-H$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-H \cdots A$
O2—H2···N2	0.82	1.86	2.591 (3)	147

All H atoms were allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å and O—H = 0.82 Å, and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{O})$.

Data collection: SMART (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: SAINT (Siemens, 1996); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997a); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 1997b); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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